

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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In Re: Chapter 11

DeWitt Rehabilitation and Nursing Center, Inc., Case No. 11-10253-ALG

Debtor.

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**(AMENDED) ORDER SETTING A HEARING AND NOTICE PROVISIONS FOR  
A HEARING ON AN INTERIM ORDER AUTHORIZING THE  
DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION TO UTILIZE CASH COLLATERAL OF  
METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK AND ISRAEL DISCOUNT BANK  
SET FORTH IN THE APPLICATION PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361 AND 363**

Upon the Application of DeWitt Rehabilitation and Nursing Center, Inc., the debtor and debtor-in-possession herein (the “Debtor”), by its proposed counsel, Weinberg, Gross & Pergament LLP, seeking (i) an Order setting a hearing (the “Hearing”) on an expedited basis and setting the notice requirements for the entry of an interim order (the “Interim Order”) authorizing the Debtor to utilize the cash collateral (the “Cash Collateral”) of Metropolitan National Bank and Israel Discount Bank (“Metropolitan”), pursuant to §§ 105, 361 and 363 of title 11 of the United States Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”) upon the terms and conditions set forth in the proposed Interim Order, a hearing shall be held before the Honorable Allan L. Gropper, United States Bankruptcy Judge, United States Bankruptcy Court, Alexander Hamilton Customs House, One Bowling Green, New York, New York 10004 on January 27, 2011 at 10:00 a.m. or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard; it is hereby

~~ORDERED, that pending the hearing, the Debtor is authorized to utilize the Cash Collateral up to the sum of \$3,000,000.00 for necessary expenses, and it is further~~

ORDERED, that the Debtor shall give notice of the Hearing to consider the relief requested by the Debtor, the Application and the exhibit thereto, on (i) all secured creditors and their counsel, if known, (without exhibits, however, including the proposed budget, the “Budget”); (ii) the Office of the United States Trustee; (iii) the Debtor’s twenty largest unsecured creditors (without exhibits, however, including the proposed budget, the “Budget”) (collectively, the “Notice Parties”); and all parties having filed a notice of appearance by facsimile or electronic mail or ~~regular~~ overnight mail on or before January 25, 2011; and it is further

ORDERED, that any objections to the relief sought in the Debtor’s Application, if in writing, must conform to the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York, as modified by any administrative orders entered in this case, and be filed with the Bankruptcy Court electronically pursuant to General Order No. 462, by registered users of the Bankruptcy Court’s electronic filing system, and by all other parties in interest, on a 3.5 inch diskette, preferably in Portable Document Form (PDF), Corel WordPerfect, Microsoft Word, with a hard-copy delivered directly to Chambers, and served upon (i) Chambers at the address listed above; (ii) the Debtor’s counsel, Weinberg, Gross & Pergament LLP, 400 Garden City Plaza, Suite 403, Garden City, New York 11530; and (iii) the Office of the United States Trustee, 33 Whitehall Street, Suite 2100, New York, New York 10004 so as to be received by no later than January 26, 2011; and it is further

ORDERED, that the Debtor shall file an affidavit of service attesting to service of this Order by no later than January 27, 2011.

Dated: New York, New York  
January 25, 2011

/s/ Allan L. Gropper  
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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In Re: Chapter 11

DeWitt Rehabilitation and Nursing Center, Inc., Case No. 111-10253-ALG

Debtor.

-----X

**APPLICATION IN SUPPORT OF ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE UNDER  
§§ 105, 361 AND 363 OF TITLE 11 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE  
SEEKING AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION  
TO UTILIZE CASH COLLATERAL OF METROPOLITAN NATIONAL  
BANK AND ISRAEL DISCOUNT SET FORTH IN THIS APPLICATION**

The application of DeWitt Rehabilitation and Nursing Center, Inc., the debtor-in-possession (“Debtor”), by its attorneys, Weinberg, Gross & Pergament LLP, seeking an Interim Order Authorizing the Debtor to utilize Cash Collateral pursuant to Sections 105, 361 and 363 of Title 11 of the United States Code (“the Bankruptcy Code”) respectfully represents and states as follows:

**BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

1. On or about January 25, 2011, (the “Petition Date”) the Debtor filed a voluntary Petition seeking relief from its creditors pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 101 et. seq. The Debtor has continued to remain in possession, custody and control of its business and its property pursuant to Sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. No trustee, examiner or official committee of unsecured creditors has been appointed herein.

3. DeWitt Rehabilitation and Nursing Center, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York.

4. The principal place of business of DeWitt Rehabilitation and Nursing Center, Inc. is 211 East 79th Street, New York, New York 10075.

5. The Debtor's principal assets consist of its accounts receivable and equipment. The total value of the accounts receivable and equipment totals the sum of approximately \$15,000,000.00 and at the present time the amount of the Debtor's secured debt owed to Metropolitan National Bank and Israel Discount Bank is approximately \$10,000,000.00.

6. Prior to the bankruptcy filing, the Debtor entered into an agreement with Metropolitan National Bank and Israel Discount Bank ("Metropolitan") pursuant to a loan and security agreement (the "Loan"). Metropolitan was granted a security interest in the Debtor's assets and filed financing statements under the Uniform Commercial Code.

7. Consideration of this Application constitutes a "core proceeding" as defined in 28 U.S.C. Section 157(b)(2)(A), (K), (M), and (O).

8. This Court has jurisdiction over this proceeding, the parties and property affected hereby pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Sections 157 and 1334.

#### **THE DEBTOR'S NEED FOR CASH COLLATERAL**

9. The Debtor is without the necessary cash to operate, thus without the necessary cash to pay for the daily business operations; pay its employees, nursing agencies, pharmaceuticals, rents, insurance and utility payments, the Debtor would close. As a result, the Debtor would not be able to provide the necessary care for its residents.

10. Under the circumstances, and consistent with the need to use cash collateral, the Debtor asserts that good cause is shown which provides the basis to authorize the

use of cash collateral. The Debtor's use of cash collateral will (i) minimize disruption of the Debtor's business and operations; (ii) permit the Debtor to meet payroll and other operating costs and expenses and otherwise maintain the collateral; and (iii) be in the best interest of the Debtor, its creditors and other parties in interest; and (iv) aid efforts towards reorganization. In order to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtor pending a Final Hearing, and the concomitant harm to the Debtor's employees, its creditors and the estate in general, the Debtor requests the use of cash collateral on the terms and conditions set forth in this application and in accordance with the attached budget (the "Budget"). The Debtor's continued operations, which shall be made possible by the use of the cash collateral requested, will also preserve the value of the cash collateral itself.

11. Section 363(c) authorizes the Court to allow the Debtor to use cash collateral. The Debtor is requesting permission to utilize cash collateral to meet its payroll expenses, pay nursing agencies, pharmaceutical suppliers, utilities, insurance and the other costs associated with the daily operations of the Debtor.

12. Annexed to this Application and the Order is the Debtor's proposed monthly budget. The Debtor is requesting the use of cash collateral pending the hearing on this matter on a pro-rata basis based upon the budget.<sup>1</sup> It is respectfully requested that the preliminary hearing on this matter be held as soon as is practicable. A copy of the proposed Budget is annexed hereto as Exhibit "A."

#### **THE TERMS OF THE PROPOSED USE OF CASH COLLATERAL**

13. The Debtor seeks to prohibit Metropolitan from setting off, recouping, or otherwise restraining any funds contained in any DIP account maintained at any financial

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<sup>1</sup> Except for the deposits required pursuant to section 366 of the Bankruptcy Code which are included in the interim relief.

institution, including, but not limited to DIP funds held in Metropolitan without first moving before the Court for an order terminating, annulling or otherwise modifying the provisions of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code, upon written notice to the Debtor.

14. The Debtor seeks authorization pursuant to sections 361, 362 and 363(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, to provide adequate protection for any diminution occurring subsequent to January 25, 2011, in the value of Metropolitan's interest in the pre-petition collateral, including without limitation such diminution as may be caused by the imposition of the automatic stay of the Bankruptcy Code and section 362(a) and by the Debtor's use of the pre-petition collateral and/or cash collateral.

15. The Debtor seeks authorization to grant Metropolitan a post-petition claim (the "Adequate Protection Claim") together with the pre-petition obligations (the "Obligations") jointly and severally against the Debtor's estate.

16. The Debtor seeks authorization pursuant to sections 361 and 363(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, as security for the Adequate Protection Claim, to grant to Metropolitan for ratable benefit of Metropolitan, a valid, binding, enforceable and automatically perfected lien, security interest (collectively, the "Replacement Liens" and as so granted to Metropolitan (the "Adequate Protection Lien") in all of the Debtor's presently owned or hereafter acquired property and assets, whether such property and assets were acquired by the Debtor before or after the Petition Date, of any kind or nature, whether real or personal, tangible or intangible, wherever located, and the proceeds and products thereof (collectively, to the extent acquired after the Petition Date, the "Post-Petition Collateral" and together with the Pre-Petition Collateral and the Cash Collateral, the "Collateral") to the extent that their Pre-Petition Collateral is used by the Debtor.

17. The Debtor seeks authorization to provide that the Adequate Protection Lien shall be subject to liens and other interests in the property of the Debtor's estate existing as of the Petition Date that are (i) valid, enforceable and not subject to avoidance by any trustee under the Bankruptcy Code; and (ii) senior under applicable non-bankruptcy law to, encumber assets not encumbered by Metropolitan's lien in the Pre-Petition Collateral as of the Petition Date.

18. The Debtor proposes that in the event that an official committee of unsecured creditors (the "Committee") is appointed under section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code, it and the Debtor shall have a minimum of sixty (60) days (or such longer period as the Committee may obtain for cause shown before the expiration of such period) from the date of any order approving the appointment of counsel for the Committee to investigate the facts and bring any appropriate proceeding with regard to the Debtor's stipulation (if any, and at all) to the validity, perfection, enforceability, priority and non-avoidability of Metropolitan's claim and liens, and the lack of any defense thereto. The Debtor does not believe that there is any basis to challenge Metropolitan's Pre-Petition Liens.

19. The Debtor proposes that in the event that no Committee is appointed in this case, then any party in interest shall have a minimum of seventy-five (75) days (or a longer period for cause shown before the expiration of such period) from the entry of any Final Order approving the Debtor's use of cash collateral, to investigate and file a motion seeking authority to bring any appropriate proceedings as representative of the estate.

20. The Debtor seeks a determination that in the event that no adversary proceeding or stipulation extending the time to commence an adversary proceeding challenging

the perfection, extent or validity of Metropolitan's pre-filing date liens are timely commenced as set forth herein, then such liens and/or mortgages shall be deemed valid and perfected liens.

21. The Debtor seeks a modification of the automatic stay provisions of section 362 to the extent necessary to permit (a) the Debtor to implement and perform the terms of any Interim Order; and (b) the Debtor to create, and Metropolitan to perfect, the Adequate Protection Lien and other Liens granted in any Interim Order. The Debtor seeks authorization to provide that Metropolitan shall not be required to file UCC financing statements or other instruments with any other filing authority to perfect the Liens granted under any Interim Order or to take any other actions to perfect such Liens, which Liens shall be automatically perfected by the docketing of any Interim Order by the Clerk of the Court, at the time of the commencement of the Debtor's bankruptcy case on the Petition Date. However, should Metropolitan elect for any reason to file, record or serve any such financing statements or other documents with respect to such Liens, then the Debtor shall execute same upon request and the filing, recording or service thereof (as the case may be) shall be deemed to have been made at the time of the commencement of the chapter 11 case on the Petition Date.

22. The Debtor seeks authorization to allow that the Adequate Protection Lien shall not be subject to any Lien which is avoided and which would otherwise be preserved for the benefit of the Debtor's estate under section 521 and the Adequate Protection Lien shall encumber and constitute a prior Lien which is avoided and which would otherwise be so preserved for the benefit of the Debtor's estate. Metropolitan shall not be subject to the equitable doctrine of "marshalling" or any similar doctrine with respect to any of the Collateral

23. The Debtor shall not seek the entry of any further orders in this chapter 11 case which would authorize the Debtor under section 363, to use the Cash Collateral in which

Metropolitan has an interest, or the sale, use or lease, other than in the ordinary course of business, of property of the Debtor in which Metropolitan has an interest unless such proceeds from any such Order shall be used to repay the obligations to the extent they are determined to be secured in full, or in part, the extent of said lien, or any other grant of rights against the Debtor and/or its estate.

24. The Debtor shall be in default of any Interim Order based upon the following which shall be considered an “Event of Default”: (a) the Debtor ceases its operations or take any material action for the purpose of effecting the foregoing without the prior written consent of Metropolitan, except to the extent contemplated by the Budget; (b) the Interim Order is reversed, vacated, stayed, amended, supplemented or otherwise modified in a manner which shall materially and adversely affect the rights of Metropolitan hereunder or shall materially and adversely affect the priority of any or all of the Obligations and Metropolitan’s Liens; (c) the Debtor expends more than 110% of any line item in the Budget or more than 110% of the entire Budget; (d) the occurrence of a material adverse change subsequent to the Petition Date, including, without limitation, any such occurrence resulting from the entry of an order of this Court the effect of which has not been stayed, in each case as reasonably determined by Metropolitan, in (1) the condition (financial or otherwise), operations, assets, business of the Debtor taken as a whole and with due regard to the Debtor’s underlying business plan as evidenced by the Budget as the same be amended from time to time either with consent of Metropolitan or by order of this Court, and/or (2) the value of the Collateral; (e) any material and/or intentional misrepresentation by the Debtor in the financial reporting or certifications to be provided by the Debtor to Metropolitan under the loan documents and/or any Interim Order; and (f) non compliance or default by the Debtor with any of the terms, provisions and conditions

of any Interim Order, provided, however, that said non-compliance or default shall not be deemed an Event of Default if curable and cured by the Debtor within ten (10) business days after notice of such non-compliance or default is provided to the Debtor's counsel, in writing, to Weinberg, Gross & Pergament LLP, 400 Garden City Plaza, Garden City, New York 11530, Attn: Marc A. Pergament, Esq.

25. The Debtor shall undertake to continue to keep Metropolitan's Collateral fully insured against all loss, peril and hazard and make Metropolitan, for the ratable benefit of Metropolitan, the additional insured in any such insurance policy maintained by the Debtor as to the Collateral. The Debtor shall timely pay any and all undisputed post-petition taxes, assessments and governmental charges with respect to the Collateral as provided for under the loan documents. The Debtor shall provide Metropolitan with proof of insurance within five (5) business days of written demand and will give Metropolitan reasonable access to its records in this regard.

26. The Debtor shall provide Metropolitan, upon five (5) business days written notice, at any time during the Debtor's normal business hours, the right to inspect, audit, examine, check, make copies of or extract from the books and records of the Debtor, and monitor the Collateral, and the Debtor shall make all of the same reasonably available to the Metropolitan and its representatives, for such purposes.

27. The Debtor agrees that for the purposes of an Interim Order, the term "Proceeds" shall mean any and all payments, proceeds or other consideration realized upon the sale, or liquidation of the Collateral, whether in the ordinary course of the Debtor's business or other than in the ordinary course of the Debtor's business.

28. The Debtor agrees that from the entry of any Interim Order and pending a Final Hearing and/or entry of any subsequent orders, the Post-Petition Indebtedness, if incurred, shall not, directly or indirectly, be used to pay administrative expenses of the Debtor and its estate except for those operating expenses (including the statutorily required fees payable to the Office of the United States Trustee pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 and any interest due thereon, as well as the costs and expenses of any chapter 7 trustee) that are set forth in the Budget or with the written consent of Metropolitan and professional fees approved by the Court, or pursuant to a monthly compensation order, however, the Post-Petition Indebtedness shall be subject to a “Carveout” under the conditions contained in the Interim Order.

#### The Carveout

29. The Carveout shall include (i) the payment of fees pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 and any interest due thereon, to the Office of the United States Trustee; (ii) any amounts allowed by the Court as fees and expenses of a trustee appointed under section 726(b) of the Bankruptcy Code in an amount not to exceed \$5,000.00; and (iii) prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default (as described herein) the actual amount of Court allowed professional fees and expenses of attorneys, accountants, financial advisors and consultants retained by the Debtor, any statutory committee appointed in the case, subject to the maximum amount set forth in the Budget; and (iv) in the event of a Termination Event, the payment of unpaid Court allowed professional fees and expenses (whether incurred prior to or following the Termination Event) of attorneys, accountants, financial advisors and consultants retained by the Debtor or any statutory committee appointed in the case, in an aggregate amount of \$250,000.00 (the “Cap”), provided, that any Court allowed professional fees incurred and paid prior to the Termination Event shall not apply to or otherwise reduce the Cap.

## **GENERAL PROVISIONS OF THE PROPOSED CASH COLLATERAL ORDER**

30. The Debtor proposes that the Interim Order would be binding upon and inure to the benefit of Metropolitan, the Debtor and its respective successors and assigns, including, without any limitation, any trustee, responsible officer, examiner, estate administrator or representative, or similar person appointed in a case under any Interim Order for the benefit of any creditor of the Debtor, any other party in interest in the Debtor's bankruptcy case, or any other person or entities, or any direct, indirect or incidental beneficiaries thereof.

31. The Debtor proposes that notwithstanding any potential application of Rules 6004(g), 7062, 9014 or otherwise of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, that the entry of any Interim Order be effective and immediately enforceable. Any Interim Order may not be stayed absent (a) an application by a party in interest for such stay in conformance with Rule 8005 and (b) a hearing upon notice to the Office of the United States Trustee and Metropolitan.

32. The Debtor proposes that the provisions of any Interim Order and any actions taken pursuant to the Interim Order shall survive entry of any orders which may be entered converting the chapter 11 case to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. The terms and provisions of any Interim Order, as well as the Adequate Protection Claim, the Adequate Protection Lien and all other claims and Liens granted by any Interim Order, shall (a) continue in their chapter 11 case or any superseding case under the Bankruptcy Code; (b) be valid and binding on all parties in interest, including, without limitation, any Committee, chapter 11 trustee, examiner or chapter 7 trustee, and (c) continue, notwithstanding any dismissal of the Debtor's bankruptcy case, and such claims and Liens shall maintain their priority as provided for in the Interim Order until the obligations are satisfied in full.

33. In the event that any terms in any Interim Order conflict with the provisions of the loan documents, the Interim Order shall be deemed to control and shall supersede the conflicting provision(s) in said agreements, provided, however, that nothing in any Interim Order shall amend, modify or supersede the provisions of the agreements which govern the rights and obligations of Metropolitan as among themselves. To the extent that any of the provisions of any Interim Order shall conflict with any Order of the Court authorizing the Debtor to continue the use of pre-petition bank accounts, cash management systems and/or business forms, or any similar orders, then the Interim Order shall be deemed to control and supersedes the conflicting provisions in the said orders.

34. The Debtor proposes to provide notice of any hearing to consider the entry of an Interim Order on the Office of the United States Trustee, the twenty largest unsecured creditors, Metropolitan's counsel and all parties filing a notice of appearance in this chapter 11 case (collectively, the "Notice Parties") by regular mail.

35. No previous application for the relief sought herein has been made to this or any other Court.

WHEREFORE, it is respectfully requested that the annexed Order to show cause be entered, together with other and further relief as to this Court seems just and proper.

Dated: Garden City, New York  
January 25, 2011

Weinberg, Gross & Pergament LLP  
Attorneys for Debtor

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
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